EAB is native to Asia. It is believed that EAB entered the U.S. in infested wood packing material. It was first discovered in southeastern Michigan in 2002. Since then, EAB has been found in Indiana, Illinois, Ohio, Maryland, and Ontario, Canada. Eradication efforts are being implemented where ever EAB is known to occur.

EAB attacks black, green and white ash trees (Fraxinus spp.). Mountain ash, not a true ash, is unaffected.

**Symptoms to watch for...**
- **Emerald Ash Borer (EAB)**
  - is an alien pest accidentally introduced into the USA.
  - larvae kill ash trees by feeding on phloem and outer sapwood.
  - larval feeding activity often goes unnoticed until severe damage occurs.
  - has already killed six million ash trees in Michigan!
  - is a serious threat to Wisconsin’s ash trees!

**Questions about EAB?**
- University of Wisconsin Extension
  - 608-262-6510
- Wisconsin Department of Agricultural, Trade and Consumer Protection
  - 800-462-2803
- UW-Madison, Entomology Department
  - http://www.entomology.wisc.edu/emeraldashborer

**Help preserve our valuable ash trees!**